

What makes these durable, easy-care houseplants so appealing are the red, white, pink or purple waxy leaves called spathes that flare from the base of the fleshy spike where the actual tiny flowers grow. These indoor plants are epiphytes, a type of air plant that come from warm, tropical regions where they grow on the surface of other plants.

Anthurium andraeanum

FLAMINGO FLOWER ANTHURIUM



2010 30TH AVENUE
KEARNEY, NE 68845
308.234.6670



Light

This plant need bright, indirect light (direct sunlight will scorch the leaves and flowers). Low light will slow growth and produce fewer, smaller "flowers".

Bright indirect

Watering

Water thoroughly when the first inch of soil becomes dry to the touch. Avoid overwatering as they are susceptible to root rot. The more light and warmth that your plant gets, the more water it will need, so check the soil for dryness every few days. Thirsty plants will have droopy or puckering leaves. Do not water as often in the Winter. Filling small trays with pebbles and water and grouping indoor plants will help increase humidity levels.

Feeding

Apply a balanced liquid fertilizer high in phosphorus and low in nitrogen (Jack's® Classic Blossom Booster 10-30-20) once a month in Spring and Summer.

Planting & Care

Grow with 1/2 Black Gold® All Purpose and 1/2 Black Gold® Orchid Mix soil. Repot every 2 years. Set in bright area, out of direct sun and drafts.

Size

This plant is 1-2 feet high.



Flower

The beautiful heart-shaped "flowers" are not flowers but waxy leaves called spathes. There are tiny flowers that grow out of the spathe.

Temperature

65-80°F

Humidity

High

Care

Easy