

Also known as the Spider Fern, its long, furry rhizomes (rootlike structures) make an eye-catching feature when they trail over the sides of a pot. These furry rhizomes are more than decorative; they take up moisture and nutrients for the plant and work best when allowed to crawl over a damp surface.



charms.

You can also show them off in kokedama displays. The rich green lacy foliage adds to this plant's



2010 30TH AVENUE  
KEARNEY, NE 68845  
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*Davillia fejeensis*

## FERN 'RABBITS FOOT'



## Light

Ferns in general love a medium light. They can tolerate low light such as a north window provides, though the medium light in an east window would be its preference.

Medium

## Watering

Keep the potting soil moist from Spring to Fall; allow the top of the potting soil to dry out between waterings in Winter. Place on a tray of wet pebbles.

## Feeding

Apply a balanced houseplant fertilizer (Espoma® Organic Indoor Liquid Organic Plant Food) every two weeks from Spring to early Fall.

## Planting & Care

Grow with 1/2 Black Gold® All Purpose soil & 1/2 Black Gold® African Violet soil. Do NOT bury the furry rhizomes, this will lead to rot.

Place in an area of high humidity in medium light and a cool spot in Summer. Repot in Spring if the plant becomes root-bound.

*Davallias* are sensitive to salt buildup. In early summer, purge out excess salts by soaking the container in a tub of warm water. Then allow it to drip dry. Slight shedding of old leaflets is normal, especially in winter.

## Flower

Ferns do not produce flowers.

## Size

12" tall x 20" wide

## Temperature

55-75°F

## Humidity

Moderate to High

## Care

Average