To many people, a cactus is the tall, spiny plant that they have seen in films of the wild west. There are in fact, nearly 2,500 different species and an even greater number of distinctive forms. From the spikey and wonderfully weird, to elegant trailers with smooth stems, cacti are technically succulents, but are usually considered to belong on their own distinct category. Many are perfect for a sunny windowsill display or simple hanging basket, and their ability to store water in their leaves and stems, allowing them to survive extended periods of drought, makes them ideal for beginners.



Stapelia sp.

STAPELIA LIFESAVER PLANT



2010 30TH AVENUE KEARNEY, NE 68845 308.234.6670 Light High/Bright indirect

Watering

Allow the soil to become nearly dry between waterings, but then water thoroughly. The cactus should not be sitting in a marshy soil for more than a day or so; good drainage is essential. About weekly waterings in the Summer months, and hardly any waterings in the Winter months.

Feeding

Apply a cactus fertilizer (Espoma® Cactus Succulent Plant Food) once a month from Spring to Fall.

Planting & Care

Grow your plant with Black Gold[®] Cactus Mix Repot only when root bound.

Size

There is a vast range of different cacti plants in an almost infinite variety of shapes, sizes, and hues.

Flower

Varies among species

Temperature 60-80°F

Humidity

Low

Care Easy